## **Effective Communication Questions**

- 1. An effective communicator has to consider which of the following?
  - a. The viewpoint and demographics of the audience.
  - b. The delivery of the message, such as tone.
  - c. The use of clear and concise language.
  - d. All the above. (correct answer)
- 2. If there is a conflict between verbal and non-verbal communication, which type of communication is more likely to be believed?
  - a. Verbal.
  - b. Non-verbal. (correct answer)
  - c. Neither is to be believed.
  - d. Trust digital communication
- 3. What is a thesis?
  - a. any group of words containing a subject and a predicate
  - b. a word or phrase that signals a progression from one sentence, or part of a sentence, to another
  - c. a statement that indicates the main idea or claim of a piece of writing
  - d. the support for an argument's claim
- 4. Which of the following is the most effective thesis?
  - a. The importance of writing to one's success in college.
  - b. Labor statistics reveal an association between level of educational attainment, average yearly earnings, and employment rate.
  - c. Rhetoric is defined as the art of effective communication.
  - d. The ability to effectively communicate is arguably the most marketable skill one can possess.
- 5. When paraphrasing (using an author's ideas, but not their exact words) in your paper, you should not:
  - a. give the author credit for his or her ideas in your paper
  - b. use quotation marks around all paraphrased material

- c. cite the source on your Works Cited page
- d. keep the original meaning of the author's idea
- 6. Which of the following is not an effective listening technique for classroom lecture?
  - a. ask questions for clarification
  - b. avoid distractions such as clock watching
  - c. write down every word of the lecture
  - d. choose to find the subject useful
- 7. Communicators take time to do which of the following?
  - a. Include jargon and slang to develop a relationship with the listener.
  - b. Understand what you truly need and want to say.
  - c. Anticipate what the listener will say in response.
  - d. Memorize everything they want to say in advance.
- 8. Which of the following is true of good communicators?
  - a. They will discuss highly emotional content via email or texting.
  - b. They take charge of the situation and dismiss what they feel are invalid arguments.
  - c. They often step back and listen instead of talk.
  - d. They ignore the level of audience interest in order to get their message through.
- 9. Which of the following is true of communication?
  - a. The more you communicate, the better communication will be.
  - b. Group conflict is a reliable sign that the relationship or group is in trouble.
  - c. Good communicators are *not* born; they must study and learn the craft.
  - d. Fear of speaking in public is detrimental and must be eliminated.
- 10. To reduce apprehension when communicating, one should try which of the following suggestions?
  - a. Build commonalities between yourself and your audience by emphasizing common beliefs and attitudes.
  - b. Set larger goals than you are being asked; that way, you'll be prepared to communicate more if you have to.
  - c. Don't view any type of communication as casual. Establish a high level of formality.

d.	Try to quote other people (authorities) so you sound knowledgeable about your topic.

